

GLASGOW, August 8.

Paris papers to the 3d inst. have been received since our last. Very little is said in them upon the subject of the negotiation. A rumour however prevailed at Paris, that the conference at Lillo had been suspended till the different plenipotentiaries receive instructions as to some questions of a difficult nature. The Directory it is surmised have got the army to deliberate upon the jarrings which have taken place in Paris between them and the two councils. Malena's division has already addressed the Directory in very strong terms, and threatened to march to Paris to put their enemies to death; "Let them tremble!" say they, "Yes let these conspirators tremble!" The swords which have exterminated the armies of kings, are still in the hands of the conquerors of the Rhine, of the Sambre and Meuse, and of Italy."

The bombardment of Cadix is still carried on. The Spanish merchants have offered rewards to such seamen as act gallantly. General Malarede has offered 1000 pistoles to those who shall sink or take a British Chaloupe. Tartanes have been armed with 36 pounders and furnaces for red hot balls. The Spaniards are preparing for sea.

DUBLIN, July 16.

The rapidity with which the recent mutiny at Bandon was systematized, the number of the conspirators which we learnt to learn, greatly exceeds the utmost extent of public belief and the unheard of atrocities that were to have marked the progress of revolt, puzzle conjecture as to its yet undivined origin, while the mind is horrified at the extent of depravity.—A general confiscation of the forage, &c. which would necessarily have occupied the attention of the officers, and of other troops, was to have been the signal for the massacre of the entire 50th regiment and the light companies of the Sligo, Fermanagh and Londonderry militia, who, it appears could not be reduced. The conspirators, aided by part of the inhabitants of Bandon, were to have plundered the town and the house of Lord Bandon, into which they were to have been admitted by a servant; & after the murder of all persons deemed hostile to their cause, to have marched with the pack of artillery, &c. to Bantry, whose forts they believed would receive them, or which they were otherwise to have forced, and under the standard of revolt to have waited the junction of the disaffected, and the expected aid of France.

LONDON, July 19.

Some important questions have recently been discussed in the Legislative Councils of France which seem to indicate the approach of some important crisis in the internal Government of that Country. The *Milicia* (or the Land Militia of Livers, long since voted to the soldiers,) has been the subject of a brief discussion in the council of Five Hundred, who have referred it to the consideration of a select committee.—Another question still more important has been agitated with great warmth and animosity in the same council—we mean the question relating to the Nonjuring clergy. It was first moved, that such of them as were imprisoned (amounting according to Lally Tollendal's account, to twenty thousand) should be released.—This motion was carried. It was next proposed, that such of them as had suffered deportation should not be considered as emigrants.—This proposition was also adopted. The last motion was, that the Nonjuring clergy should not be compelled to make a declaration of submission to the new constitution.—This also was carried at that time. But on the succeeding day, the question was revived, and on the proceeding to the *appel nominal*, or division, it was found that there were 204 for the question, and 210 against it;—the tumult, however, was so great, that the President was under the necessity of immediately dissolving the council. This circumstance, which may be regarded as a trial of strength between the contending parties, will in all probability lead to important consequences.

Aug. 1.

The "Quotidienne" makes the following remarks on the subject of the present situation of gen. Buonaparte:

"Can it be supposed, that the impetuous Buonaparte will ever follow the example of Richelieu; return to Paris as an humble subject of the Directory, and bury his laurels in a tribune; the situation of republican generals has been at all times extremely critical. If they are defeated, they are punished for their misfortunes; and if they prove victorious, they are envied for their successes. If victorious Rome has a Camillus and a Cincinnatus, corrupted. Rome beget a Cesar and an Octavius. For a man surrounded with glory and power, it is a difficult task to resume the humble station of an obscure citizen; and if the will of the people does not give them a chief, the sword and the bayonet will force upon them a matter."

August 8.

Yesterday evening a little before seven o'clock, Lord Grenville Levison, accompanied by Mr. Major, one of his majesty's messengers, landed at Dover from Calais, and immediately proceeded for town, where he arrived early this morning. His lordship is supposed to have brought over some very important dispatches from Lord Malmainbury.

We are enabled to state, upon the best authority that the Dutch fleet have never quitted the Texel, nor admiral Duncan his station. The captain of the Circe, who brought the account was deceived by making his observations to the north of the Texel, when the English fleet is stationed to the south of that river.

Yesterday at one o'clock, we received by express, Paris journals to the 5th instant inclusive. We immediately stopped the press to communicate the substance of their contents, which our readers will find fully detailed in our paper of this day.

The contents of these papers, which are extremely important, justify all the reflections which we have lately had occasion to make on the internal state of France, and the views of the different parties in that distracted country.

It appears from the debates of the Councils that the statement given by the Directory of the march of the troops towards the metropolis was totally false. Instead of nine thousand men, said to be detached from the army of the Sambre and Meuse, the detachment amounted to between twenty six and twenty seven thousand! Nor was this force intended, as the Directory affirmed, for any naval expedition; but it was selected as we suppose for the express purpose of overawing if not of dissolving the legislative body.—The soldiers indeed, whose minds had been poisoned by emissaries from Paris, and by the Jacobin Journals, which were the only papers they were permitted to read, openly proclaimed the object of their march, and uttered the grossest calumnies against the two councils. And notwithstanding the order received from the minister of war to return to the station which they had left, they continued their march to Paris, in obedience to the commands of their general Hoche, who has by this act openly hoisted the standard of rebellion.

Our readers will recollect that we stated, some time since, that Hoche and his army, known to be determined Jacobins, were the instruments on whom the Directory relied for perpetuating their own power, and for carrying into effect their own unconstitutional designs.

The Directory also appear to have effectually secured the protection of the army of Italy. Addresses have been received from two more divisions of that army, which breathe the rankless spirit of Jacobinism;—vow in pliant obedience, not to the constitution, but to the Directory and devote their enemies to instant destruction. These addresses, though the very act of deliberation by which they were preceded was a direct violation of a constitutional provision, have been published by the Directory, who have in consequence been called on by the Council of Five hundred to account for their conduct.

Meanwhile a formidable force, supposed to amount to 40,000 men, has arrived at Paris, in small parties; so that there can be little doubt but that the Directory will fetter the legislative body at defiance, and effectually triumph over the constitution.

Another message was delivered to the council, on the 2d instant on the subject of the finances which are a

gain slated to be in a most deplorable situation. It seems indeed that the Directory are either anxious to impute this distress to the inefficient proceedings of the Council, or by a repetition of mesalliances on a subject so important, to divert their attention from those vigorous measures which they evince a disposition to adopt for confining the government within the bounds prescribed by the constitution.

Every circumstance combines to sanction the supposition that some dreadful explosion is on the eve of taking place. A number of Foreigners have crowded to the capital, and the Terrorists from the different departments have joined them. In short that devoted city now wears the very same appearance which it has invariably exhibited previous to every public commotion or massacre since the year 1789.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 30.

That part of the extract of a letter, published in our last, under the Pittsburgh head, which mentions, that "the inhabitants at the Natchez are in open rebellion, and have displayed the French colours," is a mistake.—It is the people of Kaskaskias, which is within the government of the North Western Territory, & where the laws of the United States have been in force for several years, but have no doubt that some of citizen Ades's allies are among them. It is to be wished, that if any of them should fall into the hands of general Wilkinson, he will grace a pole with their heads instead of a French liberty cap.

Mr. Scull.

The information in your last paper of an insurrection among the inhabitants at Natchez is not correct. It is at Kaskaskias and in the neighbourhood of that place, that the French settlers have been incited by Spanish and French emissaries to throw off their allegiance to the United States and erect the standard of the French republic. General Wilkinson led his march with a strong detachment of Federal troops to suppress the insurgents.—These wicked French emissaries are also endeavouring to persuade the Indians into another war with us, and a party of the savages has actually attempted to get possession of Fort Recovery, but were defeated with the loss of two or three killed. It gives us great uneasiness to learn that three Frenchmen who passed through this place some weeks ago, have been addressing themselves to Complanter's Indians and telling them that they were oppressed by the United States and would never be happy until their old friends the French were in possession of the country again. It is said the Indians listened to these speeches with great attention, and there is reason to fear the vile incendiaries who are now among the western tribes will be too successful in their endeavours to kindle the flames of another bloody war on our frontier.

NOTICE,

That I shall meet with the commissioners appointed by the court of Franklin county, at Thomas Logan's, on the waters of South Fork, of Benson's creek, in order to take the depositions of sundry witnesses on the oath of November, to establish the claim of William Armstrong, of 2000 acres.

ROBERT ARMSTRONG.

October 9, 1797.

NOTICE

To all whom it may concern, that I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on Monday the 28th of October 1797, at an entry made in the name of Lucas Vannardall, on the 23d day of February 1783, adjoining James Doudall's land, on a small creek of Floyd's fork, on the south, north and east—then and there to perpetuate testimony, and do such other things as may be deemed necessary in order to establish a claim of 7429 and one fourth acres of land according to law.

LUCAS VANNARDALL.

ALL persons are forewarned from purchasing negroes, stock, or household furniture, or utensils of any kind from Robert Sutton. As it hath been generally thought that the property that was on the land that he was living on, was his—but I do assure the public it is a mistake, for he hath not any property that is his own.—It is only lent to his wife by me, till I shall want it.

Wm. SUTTON.

October 8, 1797.

LEXINGTON:

Wednesday, October 11, 1797.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of character at Cahokia to a gentleman at Detroit, dated June 16, 1797.

"An American party to the number, it is said, of 120, have displayed the standard of the French republic—have adopted the name of Sans Culottes, and will acknowledge no other laws than the French laws. The justices already say that they dare not set on the bench—I believe they have reason to fear."

For Sale,

THE LOTS IN NEW-GARDEN.

NEW-GARDEN is a town lately laid out on an eligible situation, on part of that tract of land, well known by the name of English Station, on the south bank of Duck's river, in the neighborhood of a very fertile settlement. It is unnecessary to enumerate the many advantages that accompany New-Garden; it abounds in good springs, good timber, land and limestone, (which are essential for building,) thro' the day of sale, at which time a general warranty deed will be executed for said lots on the Eastern States to Kentucky.

The sale of said lots will commence on the premises on the 1st of November next, and will continue until the 31st, where due attention will be given by the subscriber or his agent, the purchaser giving bond and approved security—one third of the purchase money to be paid in three months from the day of sale, the remaining two thirds payable in eighteen months from the day of sale, at which time a general warranty deed will be executed for said lots.

Lucas Sullivan.

THIS is to give notice, that I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the court of Bourbon county, at John Hedger's in the county aforesaid. I intend to take depositions on the 21st day of November ensuing, for the purpose of establishing an entry of 400 acres of land, made in the name of Jeremiah Barnett, on the waters of Hutton, and surveyed for Samuel Megehe, and do such other things as may be necessary and according to law.

Samuel Megehe.

October 9, 1797.

NOTICE,

TO all whom it may concern, that I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on Monday the 30th of October 1797, at an entry made in the name of James Dowdall, on the 29th May 1780, for 500 acres, upon a treasury warrant, on a small creek, a branch of Floyd's fork, about four miles south of Harland's race, to include a cabin, and improvement made by PAUL, then and there to perpetuate testimony and do such other things as may be deemed necessary in order to establish said 500 acres of land agreeable to law.

On the same day I will attend the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on an entry made February 2d 1783, in the name of James Dowdall, for 3026 acres on two treasury warrants, No. — on a branch of Floyd's fork, joining his 500 acre tract, on the east—then and there to perpetuate testimony and do such other things as may be deemed necessary, in order to establish the said 3026 acres of land agreeable to law.

Adam Steel.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near the mouth of Tate's creek, a dark bay mare, a part of her off hind foot white, has a star in her forehead, and a long snip on her nose, about 4 feet 2 inches high, 2 years old last spring, appraised to 71.

GEORGE REDMAN.

Madison county,

June 27th 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Scott county, about two miles of Tarlton's tavern, on the South fork of Elkhorn, a black horse, 4 years old this spring, 14 hands high, no brands nor marks perceivable, the right hind foot white, appraised to 22.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

June 26

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Campbell county, near the mouth of Well's creek, a dark brown mare, about 14 hands high, 9 or 10 years old, branded on the near shoulder with R. with a star and snip, and some saddle marks, the near hind foot white, appraised to forty dollars.

DAVID SMITH.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen on the night of the 4th inst. out of the pasture of Mr. David Mitchell, on Cane run, Fayette county, a bay Mare, three years old last spring, about five feet high, blind of the near eye, branded on the near shoulder thus

WMC
A fine white in her forehead. Whoever takes up and secures said mare, and thief (if stolen) that the owner may get his mare again, and the thief be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or for the mare alone, two dollars, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by the subscriber, living on Hingiton's fork of Licking, near Miller's mill, Bourbon county.
Wm. McCLINTOCK.
9th October, 1797.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RUNAWAY, on the 18th of September, from the three islands, a servant man, about 22 years of age, of the name of John Cleveland, he had on when he went away, a brown cap, a pair of linen trousers, a handkerchief tied about his head, he is about five feet ten inches high. He is supposed he has gone to his brothers, within fourteen or fifteen miles of Lexington. Whoever takes up said John Cleveland, and secures him, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me.

Armed Adams.

October 7, 1797.

On the first of November next, the commissioners appointed by the court of Bourbon county, will attend at the beginning corner of an entry of 900 acres, made in the name of James Garnet, in the year 1780, six miles from the Lower Blue Licks, about one mile north west of a little deer lick, on Boon's tract, in the forks of a branch between town's and Hingiton's tracts. Then and there to take the deposition of witnesses to perpetuate their testimony respecting said corner, and do such other things as may be necessary and agreeable to law.
THOMAS AMMON.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Empowered to sell the following tracts of lands viz.
1443 acres, on Panther creek, Nelson county.
2000 acres, ditto.
4276 acres, ditto.
5333 acres, near the mouth of Green river, Hardin county.
3000 acres, Bourbon county, on the waters of Big Sandy.
500 acres, ditto, on the waters of the North fork of Licking, and waters of Johnson's fork of Licking.
220 acres, Fayette county, near the dividing ridge between the fork of Licking and Elkhorh.
2666 acres, of Commonwealth land on the Ohio river, and Patoka creek.
1200 acres, ditto, on the waters of Clay lick creek.
1000 acres, ditto, on Clay lick creek, waters of Cumberland the terms may be known by application to Mr. Samuel Aysen Lexington, or Mr. Achilles Sneed in Frankfort or to the subscriber.
JOHN DANIEL.

Franklin District (to wit.)

August Term, 1797.

John Patrick, Complainant,
James Wilkinson, and M'Connell's heirs et al. Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the Complainant by his counsel, and it appearing to the court that the order to advertise, formerly awarded herein, against the defendant Wilkinson, has not been published agreeably to law, and the said James still appearing to be no inhabitant of this State (having also still failed to enter his appearance herein agreeably to a rule of court)—It is therefore ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of the next December term of this court, and answer the bill of the complainant—and that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published at the door of Hickman's meeting-house in some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the State-house in the town of Frankfort.

(A Copy.) To be,

Willis Lee, C. F. D.

Last Notice.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber are once more requested to pay up their respective accounts. Also those indebted to West and Guthrie are requested to make payment to the subscriber, that partnership is dissolved by mutual consent.

N. B. Nelson Thomason is authorized to settle the above accounts.
Sept. 27. EDWARD WEST.

Take Notice,

THAT the twenty third day of October next will attend with Commissioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, at an entry made by Isaac Larue five thousand acres of the third of February 1783, upon part of a treasury warrant number 14784, to adjoin James Larue's entry, about two miles east of Jephtha's mountain, on the south side, and beginning one mile west of his south-west corner; then and there to take on oath the depositions of sundry witnesses to ascertain the special calls of said entry and to perpetuate testimony thereof and to do such other things in the premises, as the said commissioners are authorized to do by the act of assembly in the case made and provided.
ISAAC LARUE.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given to all persons claiming lands on Pittman's creek near the mouth, in Green county, that I shall attend on the twenty fourth day of October next, with the commissioners, in order to take depositions respecting a certain tract of land on Pittman's creek, near Green river, granted to col. John Harvie and Christopher Clark, at a certain spring about two miles and a half from Pittman's station, the said spring is near the Cumberland old trail, and within one hundred yards of a marked forked cleft tree, which tree is the beginning of said land.

Micajah Clark.

Attorney for Christopher Clark.
Sept. 23.

Notice.

COMMISSIONERS appointed by an order of the court of Hardin county will attend on Thursday the 10th of October next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, to take the depositions of witnesses, and to perpetuate testimony respecting the following entry, viz. "Michael Miles enters 550 acres on a treasury warrant, No. 4838, on the waters of Otter creek, about three miles from John May's entry of 2000 acres, at the beginning of said land on a Spanish and White oak, marked 111 MC."
MICHAEL MILES.

NOTICE.

THAT whereas John Hickman, on 25th day of April 1780, made an entry of 2000 acres in Kentucky, in virtue of a warrant for military services performed by him in the last war, lying on the head of Little Kentucky, and Bartlett's Folly, a branch of Uren's creek, running in on the north side to include the head branches of both creeks;—and the county court of Shelby at their July term, appointed certain commissioners to ascertain and prove the special calls in said entry, under the act of assembly in that case made and provided. This is therefore to notify all persons concerned, that I will attend with said commissioners, on the said entry, on Tuesday the 7th day of November next, in order to take the depositions of witnesses to ascertain the special calls in said entry and to do whatever else the said commissioners shall deem necessary to perpetuate the said claim, agreeable to the said act of assembly.

CHARLES LYNCH, for
JOHN HICKMAN.

September 19, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Clarke county, on the Kentucky river, two sorrel mares, 3 years old, schefnut sorrel. About thirteen hands high, with a blaze face, the other is a bright sorrel with a white mane & tail, and a small star in her forehead, no brand perceivable, appraised to \$21.
THOMAS ELLIOTT.

July 26

WILLIAM REED, CHAIR MAKER

WISHES to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has re-commenced the chair making business, at his shop on Main street, next door to lawyer Hughes's and Capt John Pollett's, where any person favoring him with their custom may depend upon having their work well done, and on the shortest notice. I would take a lad about fifteen or sixteen years of age, to learn the chair making and house painting business.

NICHOLAS BRIGHT,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER.

RETURNS his thanks to his customers for their past favors, and hopes by his attention to business, to merit them in future. He begs leave to inform the public in general that he has removed his shop to face the public square, two doors from Mr. Bren's tavern—where he continues to carry on the above business, in all its branches. He will give generous wages to three or four good journeymen.

Lexington, September 16.

For Sale.

IN LEXINGTON,
The corner of Main and Cross Streets.

The Stone House on Water street, and that Commodious House and lot on High street. For terms apply to Maj. James Morrison in Lexington, or to the subscriber, on Main Elkhorn, six miles from Frankfort.
BENJ. S. COX.

September 25, 1797.

Strayed or Stolen,

FROM Lexington on the 20th of August last, a dapple, or Iron gray Mare, five years old, about fourteen hands and an inch high, branded on the near jaw thus S, well formed, a natural trotter, a long swab tail, has been robbed but is grown long. Whoever will secure her and deliver her to William Simpson in Lexington, shall be generously rewarded, and if stolen, for the mare and tail I will give fifty dollars reward.

Andrew Barnett.

September 29, 1793.

Public Notice.

HAVING obtained from the county court of Bourbon, an order appointing commissioners to perpetuate testimony respecting an entry, marked F, being the beginning corner of my entry, for 400 acres, made with the surveyor of the then county of Fayette, on the 6th day of January 1783, upon two treasury warrants, No. 9119 and 9118, on the dividing ridge between Hingiton's fork of Licking, and the salt spring fork. All concerned are therefore desired to take notice, that on the 27th day of October 1797, I shall by my attorney in fact, attend with the commissioners at the said salt tree, being the beginning corner of my aforesaid entry, when and where, I shall take depositions to perpetuate the same, and do further acts as may be necessary thereto, and the law may authorize.

AMBROSE RUCKER.

Take Notice,

THAT on the twenty ninth of October next, I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Hardin, on an entry made in the name of John Larue, upon a part of a treasury warrant of six thousand acres, lying on Ohio, opposite to the black oak grove, where John Pen's land is entered; beginning on the under bank, and running up the same, so far as land is found vacant. Then and there to take on oath the depositions of sundry witnesses, to ascertain the special calls of said entry and to perpetuate the testimony thereof, and to do such other things on the premises as the said commissioners are authorized and required to do by the act of assembly in that case made and provided.

Isom Inlow.

Six Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen out of the inclosure of the widow Arnold, on the Dry ridge, a likely gray mare, of the following description, viz. six or seven years old, about fourteen and a half hands high, a natural trotter, branded on the near shoulder and buttock P & B, some hair clipped from under her fore top, shod round. Whoever returns said mare to the subscriber, who lives at Warwich, on the Kentucky river, Mercer county, shall have the above reward. If the thief and mare be discovered and delivered to me as aforesaid, twenty dollars reward.

Sept. 25, 1797.

N. B. Reasonable expenses will be paid by the subscriber.

NOTICE.

THAT application will be made to the county court of Lincoln, at their December court by the subscriber hereof, for an order to establish a town, to be called New-Garden, on part of a tract of land formerly the property of Charles English, on which was that well known place called Englishes station; also for the purpose of appointing and vesting in certain trustees, the aforesaid premises, agreeable to an act of the general assembly of Kentucky, entitled "an act concerning the establishing towns."

LUCAS SULLIVAN,
of Town of Washington,

TAKEN up by the subscriber, Clarke county, a bay horse, white hairs about his eyes and nose, white spots on his withers, no perceivable brand, five feet high, 7 years old, appraised to \$18.

PRINCE SNOW.

June 27. ON the 20th day of November

next, the tract of land where capt. John Ellis, deceased, formerly lived, containing 3.8 acres, lying 8 miles from Lexington, on the main road to Clarke court-house, by way of Strode's. There are three improvements on said tract, one containing 70 or 80 acres cleared, a frame dwelling house, 34 by 22, with three rooms below and two above, two stone chimneys with two fire places in each, a good kitchen and meat house, a large hewed log barn, with several other convenient houses, a peach orchard of about 500 trees, and a small apple and cherry orchard. There is about 50 acres cleared on the other two improvements, with several good cabins.

Also, a small tract of 47 acres, lying within half a mile of the above, there is a good cabin on it, and 7 or 8 acres cleared. The whole of the land will be sold together, or in parcels, as it will best suit the purchaser on the day of sale. There will be twelve months credit allowed the purchaser, his giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the date, if not punctually paid. Attendance will be given on the premises by.

TIMOTHY PARISH,
JAMES PARKER,
LINCOLN BURRAGE,
JOHN MARSH,
ROBT. BUCKNER,
JACOB FISBACK,
A. MONTGOMERY.

Guardians.

Sept. 32, 1797.

MRS GRAY'S SCHOOL, for the instruction of YOUNG LADIES, will commence, (for the second quarter,) on the 7th of November next. As the scholars that are with her at present will be preferred, he is desirous that those who wish to continue, may make early application.—Price of the second quarter will be Five Pounds per Scholar, Five Dollars of which is required in advance.

October 6th, 1797.

I the public, I presume, has seen a piece inserted by Benjamin S. Cox and Joseph Fenwick, in the Kentucky Gazette, with the design of injuring me, in the sale of my lands. Their publication (judicious as it is) should pass un-answered, but that I am apprehensive this silence might be construed into a confession of their charges and an acknowledgment of their claim.—Now I do assert that I never sold land to Daniel Broadhead, nor can he legally claim a part of property under me.—If he could, why do not the persons claiming under him, make it appear? I have been three years, constantly in this State, and always desirous that my land disputes might be terminated, as during their continuance I have been exposed to much cruel and unmerited censure. In all this time little, or nothing has been done by my opponents. Messrs. Cox and Fenwick have published that for all the lands advertised by them, a suit has been commenced in the court of Quarter Sessions for Fayette. That I deny. This true subpoena issued against me in the Fayette District, in April last,—but is equally true, that the complainants have never yet filed their bill. From those circumstances, the public, I think may form a just estimate of the validity of their title. A claim so important, if it could have been established, would not have been so long neglected; or, at least, after commencing suit, they would have pursued it with more keenness if they had imagined they had any chance of success. These lands I shall continue to sell, and I trust shall be able to remove the doubts of any person who is disposed to buy. Let Messrs. Cox and Fenwick, in future know, that I despise the hypocritical cant of their publication. After accusing me of fraudulent intentions as I sell innocent people—they kindly say they have no intention of injuring me. Let me ask the gentleman if they would not think such a charge injurious? To them, indeed it might not be so—but most men would feel it sensibly, and in spite of their fawning complaisance, would respect it as I do.

B. NETHERLAND.

SACRED TO THE MUSES.

THE HUSKING.

THE days grow short, but tho' the falling Sun
To the glad swain, proclaims his day's work done,
Night's pleasing shades his various tasks prolong,
And yield new subjects to my various song.
For now the corn-house fill'd, the harvest home,
Th' invited neighbors to the husking come;
A frolic scene, where work, and mirth and play,
Unite their charms to chase the hours away.

Where the long heap lies center'd in the hall,
The lamp suspended from the cheerful wall,
Brown corn-bushes, and strong hard-handed beaux,
Alternate rang'd, extend in circling rows,
Assume their seats, the solid masts at tack;
The dry husks rattle, & the corn-cobs crack;
The song, the laugh, alternate notes resound,
And the sweet cider tips in silence round.

The laws of husking every wight can tell,
And sure no laws he ever kept so well;
For each red ear a general kiss he gains,
With each firm ear he smuts the lucky grains;
But when to some sweet maid a prize is cast,
Red as her lips and taper as her waist,
She walks the round and culls one favorite bean,
Who leaps, the luscious tribute to bestow.
Various the sport, as are the wits and brains
Of well pleas'd ladies, and contending swains;
'Till the vast mound of corn is swept away,
And he that gets the last ear wins the day.

Meanwhile the house-wife urges all her care,
The well earn'd feast to hasten and prepare,
The fitted meal already waits her hand,
The milk is strain'd, the bowls in order stand,
The fire flames high, and as a pool (that takes
The headlong stream that o'er the mill-dam breaks)
Foams, roars and rages with incessant toils,
So the vex'd children rages, roars and boils.
First with clean salt she seasons well the food,
Then strews the flour, and thackens all the flood.
Long o'er the flaming fire she lets it stand,
To stir it well, deserves a stronger hand;
The husband takes his turn, & round and round
The ladle flies; at last the toil is crown'd;
When to the board the thronging hulkers pour,
And take their seats as at the corn before.

God keep me from him whom I trust,
From him whom I trust not I will keep myself.

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note or book account, are requested to come forward and make payment to Mr. Thomas C. Howard, on or before the 15th of this inst. as I intend setting out for Baltimore and Philadelphia, about that time. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may rest assured that they shall be dealt with as the law directs, at the expiration of said time—therefore I am in hopes this notice will be attended to, without further trouble, as I am determined to have all my accounts finally settled by the 1st day of December next.
T. C. HOWARDEN.
September 5, 1797.

All persons for whom I located land, are desired to come forward and pay off their respective balances, in order for a division, otherwise I shall petition the different courts for a division.—Also all persons who have any demands against me for land, are desired to come forward, as I am ready to discharge the same.

I have for sale twelve thousand acres of land, on Little Kentucky, and Floyd's Creek, between eighteen and thirty miles from the Falls of Ohio, of a good quality, and lies level, which I will sell on reasonable terms for cash or negroes, and make a general warranty deed.
B. NETHERLAND.
March 16, 1797.

35 FOR SALE.
400 Acres of Military Land.
LYING in the county of Clarke, about 12 miles from Lexington on the main road leading from Clance to Clarke court house, adjoining the land of Hubbard Taylor.—This land lies well, is all of the first quality, and of indisputable title—a deed of general warranty will be given. Any person inclined to purchase will be gratified by Mr. Taylor. The terms may be known by applying to Mr. John Coffey in Lexington, or to Capt. Richard Smith on Beargrass.

Aaron Fontaine.
Jefferson, March 5, 1797.
The whole will be sold together, or divided into one, or two hundred acres less, as may best suit the purchaser. A. F.

43 WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
Two or three Apprentices
To the Carpenter's and Shop Joiner's Business. Also two or three
Good Journeymen,
for House work, to whom generous wages will be given.
JOHN SPANGLER.
Lexington, April 12.

11 Doctor Samuel Brown,
BRINGS leave to inform the public, that he will practice MEDICINE and SURGERY in Lexington and its vicinity.—He occupies the house in which Mr. Love lately lived, opposite to Mr. Stewart's printing office.
He will undertake, on reasonable terms, to instruct one or two pupils, who can bring good recommendations.
September 5, 1795. if

11 JOHN COONS,
COPPER-SMITH,
Informs his friends and the public, that he has just received a quantity of Copper of the best quality, at his shop in Lexington where they may be supplied with any kind of work in his line on the most reasonable notice.

12 FOR SALE,
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:
THREE NEW STILLS of the best quality, and the vessels firing the same, all made last fall, and in good order. Also, a LIKELY YOUNG NEGRO MAN, a good distiller. Also a VERY LIKELY NEGRO GIRL, sixteen years of age. Also, the noted horse called THE FERGUSON GRAY. I will take in exchange, likely young geldings and brood mares. Any gentleman inclining to purchase, may apply to the subscriber living on Cane run, four miles from Lexington, Fayette county.
SAMUEL BEELER.

THE managers of the Lexington Glances of Insurance, have authorized Mr. Samuel Potlitz of Lexington, to receive any money that may be due to them for tickets, and also to pay such sums as may be due to the holders of fortunate numbers—wherefore, all those who are indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

THE MANAGERS.
Lexington, September 2, 1797.

TAKE NOTICE.
THE administration taken on the estate of John May dec. by Mr. David Rofs, is superseded, by the qualifying of the Executrix, named by the will of the said deceased. Therefore all those who have any demands against the said estate, and have not already delivered them to the late administrator, will forward them to Mr. Richard Stephens of Nelson county, that arrangements may be made to discharge them. Also those who may be indebted to the said estate, will please to pay the same to the said Stephens, whom I have appointed my agent in the State of Kentucky.
THOMAS LEWIS,
Acting in behalf of the Executrix
July 18, 1797.

26 NOTICE.
CHARLES HUTHREYS
HAS recommenced business in the Brick Store opposite the Courthouse, lately occupied by Hugh McIlwain Esq. who has to dispose of, a great variety of article, consisting of
DRY GOODS, HAD WARE,
QUEEN'S WARE, ROCRIERES,
And a small quantity of PATENT MEDICINE.

96 LAND FOR ALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER
HAS several tracts of land, and in different parts of Kentucky, for sale, which he will dispose of as follows.
JOHN CLAY.
Lexington, 4th August, 1796.

50 For sale,
THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND.
ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell, of and between of Locust creek, containing 2599 acres. One tract, lying on Long Lick creek, a branch of Rough creek, Hart's county, about seven miles from Hartin settlement, containing 2500 acres.
The whole land will be disposed on moderate terms; one half of the purchase money to be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve months will be given; the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Any plan inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Capt. Robt. Craddock in Danville, or to JOHN W. HOLT, at the same place for THOS. HOLT.

IRON BANK.
FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.
ONE thousand acres of Land, lying North-West of the Ohio, containing an extensive bank of excellent Ore, as the subscribers suppose—the quality of this ore has been ascertained by Mr. Seagraven of Lexington, to whom any person desirous of purchasing can apply for information. The above tract of land lies about twelve miles from the Ohio river, and about one mile from Little Scioto, which empties a few miles above the three illanes.—A stream supposed to be well calculated for a furnace runs through the land, and has a fall of thirty feet at one spot, and there three quarters of a mile from the bank of one—For further particulars apply to Mr. Alexander Parker of Lexington, or the subscribers in Washington.

BASIL DUKE.
JOHN COBURN.
April 21, 1797.

48 NOTICE.
WHEREAS, the partnership of Alexander and James Parker being dissolved (by the death of James) the executors of the deceased, earnestly request all those indebted to the said firm, by bond, note or book account, to come forward immediately and settle their respective balances; likewise all those who have any demands against said firm, to bring them forward properly authenticated, for settlement, as the debts of the deceased must be immediately paid and the partnership settled.—No indulgence can be expected.
ALEX. PARKER,
JOHN COBURN, Ex'rs.
JOHN BRADFORD,
Lexington, April 12, 1797.

GREAT BARGAINS!
I HAVE on hand, (at my store opposite the Market house, Lexington) a good assortment of
MERCHANDISE,
 suited to the approaching season, which I will sell at half price, lower than goods have ever been sold in Kentucky.

As the above notice is really intended to be complied with on my part, I have no doubt but those who incline to purchase goods, either whole sale or retail, will on application, be satisfactorily accommodated.
M. SATTERWHITE.
September 29, 1797.

JOHN N. DOWEL and Daniel Worman Plaintiffs,
vs
Christopher Bryant, John M. Edwards, Thomas H. Veach, Elizabeth Veach, Thomas Shepherd, William Shepherd and Mary Shepherd Defendants.

In Chancery.
The defendants not having entered their appearance agreeable to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that they are not inhabitants of this State; on the motion of the complainant, by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the 15th day of November next, and answer the bill of the complainant—that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and four Sunday immediately after divine service, at the Presbyterian meeting-house in the town of Lexington; and another copy be posted at the door of the court-house in the town of Lexington.
(A Copy) To be
Levi Todd, C. F. C.

John N. C. Holland, complainant,
vs
George Clarke, defendant,
IN CHANCERY.
The defendant not having entered his appearance agreeable to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this State; on the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear on the 15th day of November next, and answer the bill of the complainant—that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and four Sunday immediately after divine service, at the Presbyterian meeting-house in the town of Lexington; and another copy be posted at the door of the court-house in the town of Lexington.
(A Copy) To be
Levi Todd, C. F. C.

WHEREAS Benjamin Netherland, who is well known to the people of Kentucky, has advertised several tracts of land in this State for sale, we have given this friendly notice to those whom it may concern, that we have a claim to the following tracts of land, which were sold by the said Netherland, to Daniel Broadhead, viz:
5000 acres in Cox's district, 1000 on Floyd's fork, 5000 on do. 500 on do. 5000 on do. 3311 on Green river, 162 on Sandy, including a salt spring, 1000 on Licking creek, 7000 near the Big Bone Hill, 1000 on Eagle creek, 500 on the waters of the Ohio, 2,400 and a quarter, at the mouth of Dick's river, 23,0 and a half, on Jessamine, 1000 on do. 1020 on Hickman creek, 10,000 acres located by Samuel Johnson in Fayette county, 500 acres on Hickman, five hundred acres on do. 2000 acres on Jessamine, all of which are entered in the name of Benjamin Netherland. One moiety of the following tracts, viz: 1033 on Floyd's fork, 2000 on Little Bullskin, 1000 on do. 1000 on do. 1000 on do. 2000 on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of Benjamin Netherland, and William May, 1000 acres on Jessamine, 2,000 acres on Hickman, entered in the name of John Mays, 1000 acres on Hickman, entered in the name of John Brown, 1335 acres entered in the name of Benjamin Netherland and John Brown, 1335 acres entered in the last mentioned James. The two last mentioned tracts on Licking creek, and 7,500 acres on James Creek, entered in the name of Thomas Turpin, 6,800 acres, entered in the name of Nicholas Mosley, near Cape Craig's, 16,3; and a half acres on Jessamine, entered in the name of Charles Scott, 1,600 acres on Jessamine, entered in the name of William Stanford, the whole of which was the property of said Netherland, 5000 acres on Hickman, entered in the name of John Curt, 1008 and a half acres on Hickman entered in the name of William Bradshaw, 6000 acres lying on Licking, entered in the name of John George, and Holding Lewis, 3000 acres lying on the waters of Floyd's fork, and Bear grass, entered in the name of Hubbard Taylor and Benjamin Netherland, 5,000 on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of William May, 9,100 acres entered in the name of Mildred Lightfoot, on the waters of the Ohio, 3,322 acres in Kentucky, entered in the name of Francis Harris, 4000 on Harrod's creek, 1000 on Floyd's fork, 1500 on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of William May, 1000 on Ohio, entered in the name of John May and John Harvie, 1310 acres on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of Benjamin Netherland and Peter Coleman, 2000 acres on Floyd's fork entered in the name of Francis Taylor, 6000 acres on Kentucky, entered in the name of Samuel Oldham, 5000 acres entered in the name of Benjamin Netherland, lying on Green river, 400 acres on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of Benjamin Netherland and Richard Taylor, 1000 acres on Hickman, entered in the name of John and Benjamin Netherland, 1000 acres, and another tract of 120 entered in the name of Benjamin Netherland, lying between the North and South forks of Hickman; with all other lands the property of the said Netherland.—For all these lands there is a suit now commenced in the quarter session court for the county of Fayette. We do not give this notice with intention to injure said Netherland, but to prevent innocent people from being defrauded.
BEN. S. COX, and
JOSEPH FENWICK.

BLANK BONDS,